Funding of applicants from non-EU countries & international organisations

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Disclaimer
This document is aimed at assisting applicants and beneficiaries for Horizon 2020 funding. Its purpose is to explain the Horizon 2020 framework programme and the procedures to be followed.
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These guidelines cover projects involving cooperation between several partner organisations. There is a separate set of rules for programmes with a single partner organisation, such as European Research Council awards.

**General rule**

Applicants from non-EU countries (you may also encounter the term "third country" to describe these countries) are **always free to take part** in Horizon 2020 programmes – even if the call for proposals or topic text do not state this explicitly.

They are **not always automatically entitled to funding**.

All applications must meet the minimum conditions in the [Rules for Participation](#).

**What does 'non-EU countries or third countries' mean?**

This means any country/territory that is **not one of the following**:

- an EU country
- an overseas country or territory linked to an EU country

Applicants from non-EU countries fall into **2 categories**:

- those **automatically eligible** for funding
- those **not automatically eligible** for funding (though they may still be funded in exceptional cases)

1) **Automatically eligible non-EU applicants**

Applicants based in any of the countries listed here are automatically eligible for funding under the Horizon 2020 budget:

| Afghanistan, Albania, Algeria, American Samoa, Angola, Argentina, Armenia, Azerbaijan |
| Bangladesh, Belarus, Belize, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Botswana, Burkina Faso, Burundi |
| Cambodia, Cameroon, Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, Colombia, Comoros, Congo (Democratic Republic), Congo (Republic), Costa Rica, Côte d’Ivoire, Cuba |
| Djibouti, Dominica, Dominican Republic |
| Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Eritrea, Ethiopia |
Cooperation with participants from third countries and international organisations

Fiji
Gabon, Gambia, Georgia, Ghana, Grenada, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana
Haiti, Honduras
Indonesia, Iran, Iraq
Jamaica, Jordan
Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kiribati, Korea (Democratic Republic), Kosovo, Kyrgyz Republic
Lao, Lebanon, Lesotho, Liberia, Libya
Macedonia FYR, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Marshall Islands, Mauritania, Mauritius, Micronesia, Moldova, Mongolia, Montenegro, Morocco, Mozambique, Myanmar/Burma
Namibia, Nepal, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria
Pakistan, Palau, Palestine, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines
Rwanda
Samoa, Sao Tome and Principe, Senegal, Serbia, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Solomon Islands, Somalia, South Africa, South Sudan, Sri Lanka, St. Kitts and Nevis, St. Lucia, St. Vincent and the Grenadines, Sudan, Suriname, Swaziland, Syrian Arab Republic
Tajikistan, Tanzania, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Togo, Tonga, Tunisia, Turkey, Turkmenistan, Tuvalu
Uganda, Ukraine, Uruguay, Uzbekistan
Vanuatu, Venezuela, Vietnam
Yemen
Zambia, Zimbabwe.

Additionally, any applicant based in a country which is Associated to Horizon 2020 is automatically eligible for funding.

2) **Non-EU applicants that are NOT automatically eligible**

Applicants from other non-EU countries **may be granted funding** if:

- There is a **bilateral scientific/technological agreement** or similar arrangement between the EU and the country where the applicant is based
- The **call for proposals** clearly states that applicants based in such countries are eligible for funding.
- Their participation is deemed **essential for carrying out the action** by the Commission or the relevant funding body on the grounds that participation by the
applicant has clear benefits for the consortium, such as:
  - outstanding competence/expertise
  - access to research infrastructure
  - access to particular geographical environments
  - access to data.

**Funding for international organisations**

International organisations, the majority of whose members are Member States or associated countries, and whose principal objective is to promote scientific and technological cooperation in Europe, are automatically eligible. Other organisations may be eligible if their participation is deemed **essential for carrying out the action** by the Commission or the relevant funding body.

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~Specific Advice for applicants from non-EU countries~

**When is it mandatory for a consortium to include non-EU participants?**

Some calls require a consortium to include participants based in specific non-EU countries in order to be eligible. If so, this requirement (and the countries concerned) will be specified in the applicable call for proposals and topic description.

**How do I register?**

Before being able to sign a grant agreement, you must register via the [beneficiary registration tool](#). Registration (and the subsequent validation by the Commission/Agency) may take a while. When submitting a proposal, you should therefore:

- check which documents are needed for registration
- register as soon as funding becomes likely.

**What legal status and financial capacity are needed?**

You must:

- be an individual or organisation/institution constituted under the national law of the country where you are based
- have the financial capacity to carry out the research tasks set out in your proposal.

More information is available on the Horizon 2020 Participant Portal.